

# STN SEARCH

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:23:07 ON 25 NOV 2002

=> file reg  
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
0.21	0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:23:14 ON 25 NOV 2002  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file  
provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 24 NOV 2002 HIGHEST RN 474353-54-3  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 24 NOV 2002 HIGHEST RN 474353-54-3

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when .  
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP  
PROPERTIES for more information. See STNnote 27, Searching Properties  
in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:  
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=> ....Testing the current file.... screen

ENTER SCREEN EXPRESSION OR (END):end

=> screen 970 AND 2067

L1 SCREEN CREATED

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\09901933-3.str

L2 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

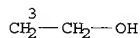
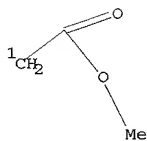
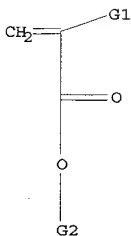
=> que L2 AND L1

L3 QUE L2 AND L1

=> d

L3 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1	SCR 970 AND 2067
L2	STR



G1 H,Me,[@1]

G2 [@2],[@3]

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.  
L3 QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 AND L1

=> ....Testing the current file.... screen

ENTER SCREEN EXPRESSION OR (END):end

=> screen 970 AND 2067

L4 SCREEN CREATED

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\09901933-2.str

L5 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> que L5 AND L4

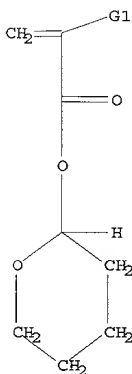
L6 QUE L5 AND L4

=> d

L6 HAS NO ANSWERS

L4 SCR 970 AND 2067

L5 STR



G1 H, Me

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.  
 L6 QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 AND L4

=> ....Testing the current file.... screen

ENTER SCREEN EXPRESSION OR (END):end

=> screen 970 AND 1006 AND 2067

L7 SCREEN CREATED

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\09901933-1.str

L8 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> que L8 AND L7

L9 QUE L8 AND L7

=> d

L9 HAS NO ANSWERS

L7 SCR 970 AND 1006 AND 2067

L8 STR

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.  
 L9 QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON L8 AND L7

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:23:07 ON 25 NOV 2002)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:23:14 ON 25 NOV 2002

L1 SCREEN 970 AND 2067

L2 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L3 QUE L2 AND L1  
L4 SCREEN 970 AND 2067  
L5 STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L6 QUE L5 AND L4  
L7 SCREEN 970 AND 1006 AND 2067  
L8 STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L9 QUE L8 AND L7

=> s 13  
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 13:24:23 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 11775 TO ITERATE

8.5% PROCESSED 1000 ITERATIONS 50 ANSWERS  
INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 229007 TO 241993  
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 93082 TO 101440

L10 50 SEA SSS SAM L2 AND L1

=> s 16  
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 13:24:45 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 30 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 30 ITERATIONS 13 ANSWERS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 272 TO 928  
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 44 TO 476

L11 13 SEA SSS SAM L5 AND L4

=> s 19  
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 13:24:49 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 156 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 156 ITERATIONS 50 ANSWERS  
INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 2371 TO 3869  
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 849 TO 1831

L12 50 SEA SSS SAM L8 AND L7

=> s 110 and 111 and 112  
L13 0 L10 AND L11 AND L12

=> FIL USPATFULL CAPLUS HCAPLUS

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	1.14	1.35

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 13:25:07 ON 25 NOV 2002  
CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:25:07 ON 25 NOV 2002

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:25:07 ON 25 NOV 2002  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> s l10  
L14 101 L10

=> s l11  
L15 43 L11

=> s l12  
L16 137 L12

=> s l14 and l15 and l16  
L17 0 L14 AND L15 AND L16

=> s l14 or l15 or l16  
L18 279 L14 OR L15 OR L16

=> s l18 and (resist or photoresist)  
L19 44 L18 AND (RESIST OR PHOTORESIST)

=> duplicate  
ENTER REMOVE, IDENTIFY, ONLY, OR (?):remove  
ENTER L# LIST OR (END):l19  
DUPLICATE PREFERENCE IS 'USPATFULL, CAPLUS, HCAPLUS'  
KEEP DUPLICATES FROM MORE THAN ONE FILE? Y/(N):n  
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L19  
L20 25 DUPLICATE REMOVE L19 (19 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d l20 1-25 ibib hitstr abs

L20 ANSWER 1 OF 25 USPATFULL DUPLICATE 1  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:217000 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Polymeric compound and resin composition for  
**photoresist**  
INVENTOR(S): Ushirogouchi, Toru, Yokohama, JAPAN  
Okino, Takeshi, Tokyo, JAPAN  
Asakawa, Koji, Kawasaki, JAPAN  
Shida, Naomi, Tokyo, JAPAN  
Funaki, Yoshinori, Himeji, JAPAN  
Tsutsumi, Kiyoharu, Himeji, JAPAN  
Takaragi, Akira, Himeji, JAPAN  
Inoue, Keizo, Himeji, JAPAN  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kabushiki Kaisha Toshiba, Kanagawa-ken, JAPAN (non-U.S.  
corporation)  
Daicel Chemical Industries, LTD, Osaka, JAPAN (non-U.S.  
corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6440636	B1	20020827
APPLICATION INFO.:	US-2000-703677		20001102 (9)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility		
FILE SEGMENT:	GRANTED		
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Ashton, Rosemary		
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Birch Stewart Kolasch & Birch LLP		
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	7		
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1		

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 1694

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 338790-67-3P

(polymeric compd. and resin compn. for photoresist)

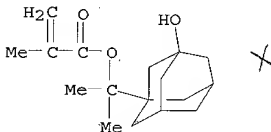
RN 338790-67-3 USPATFULL

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1-(3-hydroxytricyclo[3.3.1.1<sup>3,7</sup>]dec-1-yl)-1-methylethyl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 324761-49-1

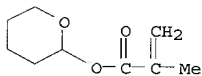
CMF C17 H26 O3



CM 2

CRN 52858-59-0

CMF C9 H14 O3



AB A polymeric compound includes at least one monomeric unit of the following formula (I): ##STR1##

wherein R<sup>sup.1</sup> is a hydrogen atom or a methyl group; and each of R<sup>sup.2</sup> and R<sup>sup.3</sup> is independently a hydrogen atom or a hydroxyl group. The polymeric compound may include the monomeric unit and at least one monomeric unit selected from monomeric units represented by the following formulae (IIa) and (IIb): ##STR2##

wherein R<sup>sup.1</sup> is a hydrogen atom or a methyl group; each of R<sup>sup.4</sup> and R<sup>sup.5</sup> is, for example, a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, an oxo group, or a carboxyl group, wherein R<sup>sup.4</sup> and R<sup>sup.5</sup> are not concurrently hydrogen atoms; and each of R<sup>sup.7</sup> and R<sup>sup.8</sup> is independently a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, or an oxo group. The polymeric compound have a high etching resistance in addition to satisfactory transparency, alkali-solubility, and adhesion.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 2 OF 25 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:172438 USPATFULL

TITLE: (Meth)acrylate ester-based resin composition

INVENTOR(S): Nakamura, Kazuhiko, Kawanishi-shi, JAPAN

Yokota, Yoshiyuki, Osaka, JAPAN

Takahashi, Kunio, Osaka, JAPAN

Yoshida, Masaya, Himeji-shi, JAPAN

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002091197	A1	20020711
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-938652	A1	20010827 (9)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	JP 2000-345966	20001113
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	ROYLANCE, ABRAMS, BERDO & GOODMAN, L.L.P., 1300 19TH STREET, N.W., SUITE 600, WASHINGTON,, DC, 20036	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	7	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
LINE COUNT:	2693	
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.		

IT 425409-59-2P

((meth)acrylate ester-based resin compn.)

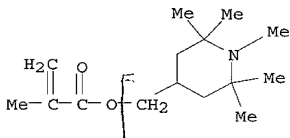
RN 425409-59-2 USPATFULL

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, butyl ester, polymer with (2,4-dimethylcyclohexyl)methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, (4-methylcyclohexyl)methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl)methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-propenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 425409-27-4

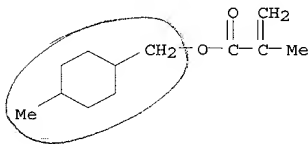
CMF C15 H27 N O2



CM 2

CRN 364753-38-8

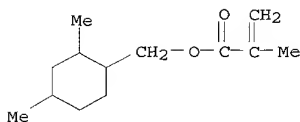
CMF C12 H20 O2



CM 3

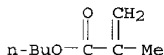
CRN 218444-97-4

CMF C13 H22 O2



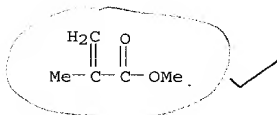
CM 4

CRN 97-88-1  
CMF C8 H14 O2



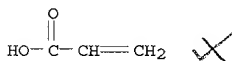
CM 5

CRN 80-62-6  
CMF C5 H8 O2



CM 6

CRN 79-10-7  
CMF C3 H4 O2



AB

The present invention provides a novel (meth)acrylate ester-based resin composition which, for example, exhibits various good properties such as weather resistance, heat resistance, water resistance, acid resistance, alkali resistance, warm water resistance, impact resistance, processability, flexibility, hardness, elongation, transparency, luster, fleshy property, mirroring property, pigment dispersibility, and driability when being used, for example, as crosslinking type paints, adhesives, pressure sensitive adhesives, and fiber-processing materials, and has so low a resin viscosity as to be utilizable as a resin for coping with environmental pollution of such as low-VOC paints. The (meth)acrylate ester-based resin composition comprises a (meth)acrylate ester-based polymer (I) and a crosslinking agent, wherein the (meth)acrylate ester-based polymer is obtained by a process including the step of polymerizing a monomer component including a polymerizable unsaturated monomer (a) as an essential component and has a reactive group wherein the polymerizable unsaturated monomer (a) is an alkylcyclohexylalkyl ester of (meth)acrylic acid, and wherein the crosslinking agent has at least two functional groups that are reactable with the reactive group.



CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 3 OF 25 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:12623 USPATFULL

TITLE: Coating composition, method for producing the same,  
cured product and coating film

INVENTOR(S): Kanamori, Tarou, Chuo-ku, JAPAN

Honda, Miwa, Chuo-ku, JAPAN

Kawahara, Kouji, Chuo-ku, JAPAN

Hashiguchi, Yuichi, Chuo-ku, JAPAN

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): JSR CORPORATION, Tokyo, JAPAN, 104-8410 (non-U.S.  
corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002007006	A1	20020117
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-833618	A1	20010413 (9)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	JP 2000-112290	20000413
	JP 2000-112291	20000413
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	OBLON SPIVAK MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT PC, FOURTH FLOOR, 1755 JEFFERSON DAVIS HIGHWAY, ARLINGTON, VA, 22202	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	9	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
LINE COUNT:	2457	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 367501-88-0P, Cyclohexyl methacrylate-2-ethylhexyl  
acrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-methacryloxypropyltrimethoxysilane-4-  
methacryloyloxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-methyl methacrylate  
copolymer  
(coating compn. contg. organosilanes and siloxanes)

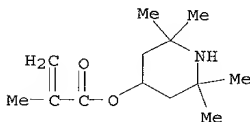
RN 367501-88-0 USPATFULL

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, cyclohexyl ester, polymer with 2-ethylhexyl  
2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, oxiranylmethyl  
2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl  
2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl 2-methyl-2-  
propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 31582-45-3

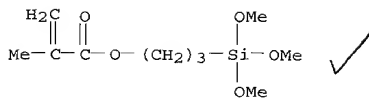
CMF C13 H23 N O2



CM 2

CRN 2530-85-0

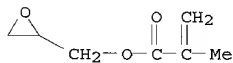
CMF C10 H20 O5 Si



CM 3

CRN 106-91-2

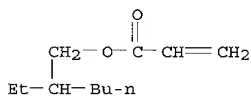
CMF C7 H10 O3



CM 4

CRN 103-11-7

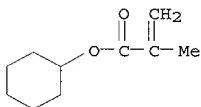
CMF C11 H20 O2



CM 5

CRN 101-43-9

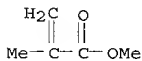
CMF C10 H16 O2



CM 6

CRN 80-62-6

CMF C5 H8 O2



AB A coating composition excellent in dispersion stability of a photocatalyst even in a highly hydrophobic alcohol, excellent in storage

stability, giving a coating layer excellent in durability and adhesion, and having a photocatalytic function, which comprises (a) at least one component selected from the group consisting of an organosilane represented by (R.sup.1).sub.nSi (OR.sup.2).sub.4-n (wherein, R.sup.1 represents a monovalent organic group; R.sup.2 represents an alkyl group or an acyl group; and n is an integer ranging from 0 to 2), a hydrolyzate and a condensates thereof; (b) an organosiloxane oligomer having an SiO bond and a specific Mw; (c) a photocatalyst: and (d-1) an organic solvent having a surface tension at 20.degree. C. of 260 .mu.N/cm or less.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 4 OF 25 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:95525 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Using block copolymers as supercritical fluid developable **photoresists**  
 INVENTOR(S): Ober, Christopher K., Ithaca, NY, United States  
 Wang, Jianguo, Horseheads, NY, United States  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cornell Research Foundation, Inc., Ithaca, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6379874	B1	20020430
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2000-688126		20001016 (9)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 1999-161346P	19991026 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	GRANTED	
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Duda, Kathleen	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	7	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1,7	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	520	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 212389-71-4P

(synthesis of block polymers having pendant hydrolyzing ester for developing neg.-tone photoresist using supercrit. fluid)

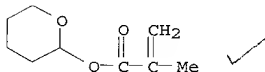
RN 212389-71-4 USPATFULL

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-pentadecafluorooctyl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, block (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 52858-59-0

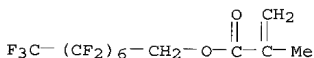
CMF C9 H14 O3



CM 2

CRN 3934-23-4

CMF C12 H7 F15 O2



AB Block copolymers containing block having pendant fluoro-containing groups and block having pendant hydrolyzable ester containing groups is developed at lower pressures and temperatures than random copolymers of the same monomers. Where the block with ester groups is from polymerization of 2-tetrahydropyranyl methacrylate and the block with pendant fluoro-containing groups is from polymerization of perfluoroalkyl methacrylate or semifluorinated alkyl methacrylate, resolution of sub 0.3 .mu.m features is enabled.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 5 OF 25 USPATFULL DPLICATE 2  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:142042 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Lactone-containing compounds, polymers, resist compositions, and patterning method  
 INVENTOR(S): Hasegawa, Koji, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan  
 Nishi, Tsunehiro, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan  
 Kinsho, Takeshi, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan  
 Hatakeyama, Jun, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan  
 Watanabe, Osamu, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6280898	B1	20010828
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1999-404763		19990924 (9)

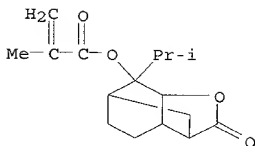
	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	JP 1998-270373	19980925
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	GRANTED	
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Baxter, Janet	
ASSISTANT EXAMINER:	Ashton, Rosemary	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Millen, White, Zelano & Branigan, P.C.	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	21	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
LINE COUNT:	1654	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 274248-37-2P  
 (synthesis of lactone-contg. polymers for resist comps. and method of forming resist pattern using the compn.)  
 RN 274248-37-2 USPATFULL  
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, octahydro-7-(1-methylethyl)-2-oxo-3,6-methanobenzofuran-7-yl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

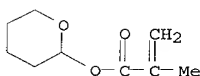
CRN 274248-01-0  
 CMC C16 H22 O4



CM 2

CRN 52858-59-0

CMF C9 H14 O3



AB A novel lactone-containing compound is provided as well as a polymer comprising units of the compound. The polymer is used as a base resin to formulate a **resist** composition having a high sensitivity, resolution and etching resistance. ##STR1##

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 6 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:320237 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:334293

TITLE: Using block copolymers as supercritical fluid developable **photoresists**

INVENTOR(S): Ober, Christopher K.; Wang, Jianguo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cornell Research Foundation, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001031404	A1	20010503	WO 2000-US26256	20001016
W: CA, JP				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
EP 1141782	A1	20011010	EP 2000-970484	20001016
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
US 6379874	B1	20020430	US 2000-688126	20001016
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-161346P	P 19991026
			WO 2000-US26256	W 20001016

IT 212389-71-4P

RL: DEV (Device component use); NUU (Other use, unclassified); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(synthesis of block polymers having pendant hydrolyzing ester for developing neg.-tone **photoresist** using supercrit. fluid)

RN 212389-71-4 CAPLUS

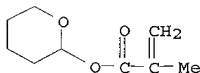
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-

pentadecafluorooctyl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl  
2-methyl-2-propenoate, block (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 52858-59-0

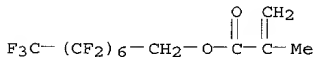
CMF C9 H14 O3



CM 2

CRN 3934-23-4

CMF C12 H7 F15 O2



AB The invention is directed to generating neg. tone **resist** images in a lithog. process for use, e. g., in the manuf. of microelectronics. The process comprises several steps as follows. Coating a substrate with a film comprising a block polymer comprising (a) a block polymer having pendant fluoro-contg. groups, and (b) block having pendant hydrolyzing ester groups, the vol. percent of block being adequate to provide complete soly. in regions of the film to be removed in the step described later but not so great that sub 0.3.mu.m features cannot be resolved in that step. Hydrolyzing ester to polar function insol. in the supercrit. fluid in the following step to form a pattern defined by supercrit. fluid sol. and supercrit. fluid insol. regions of the film. Developing a neg.-tone **resist** image from the pattern using supercrit. fluid to dissolve the supercrit. fluid sol. regions of the film. Block copolymers contg. block having pendant fluoro-contg. groups and block having pendant hydrolyzable ester contg. groups were developed at low pressure and temp. than random copolymers of the same monomers. Where the block with ester groups is from polymn. of 2-tetrahydropyranyl methacrylate and the block with pendant fluoro-contg. groups is from polymn. of perfluoroalkyl methacrylate or semifluorinated alkyl methacrylate, resolu. of sub 0.3 .mu.m features is enabled.

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L20 ANSWER 7 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 4

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:115197 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:185945

TITLE: Polymer for **photoresists** and resin compositions for **photoresists**

INVENTOR(S): Funaki, Yoshinori; Tsutsumi, Kiyoharu; Takaragi, Akira; Inoue, Keizo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 152 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

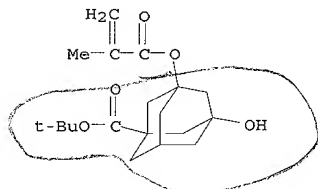
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001010916	A1	20010215	WO 2000-JP5168	20000802
W: KR, US				
RW: DE, FR, GB				
JP 2001048931	A2	20010220	JP 1999-223110	19990805
JP 2001048933	A2	20010220	JP 1999-223144	19990805
JP 3330903	B2	20021007		
EP 1172384	A1	20020116	EP 2000-949953	20000802
R: DE, FR, GB				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1999-223110	A 19990805
			JP 1999-223144	A 19990805
			WO 2000-JP5168	W 20000802

IT 325992-09-4P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (polymer for **photoresists** and resin compns. for **photoresists**)

RN 325992-09-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Tricyclo[3.3.1.1<sup>3,7</sup>]decane-1-carboxylic acid, 3-hydroxy-5-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, polymer with  
 3,5-dihydroxytricyclo[3.3.1.1<sup>3,7</sup>]dec-1-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and  
 tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

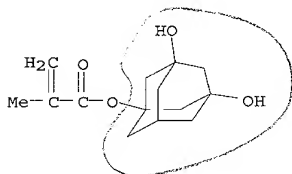
CM 1

CRN 325991-05-7  
 CMF C19 H28 O5



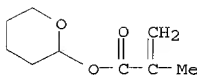
CM 2

CRN 115522-15-1  
 CMF C14 H20 O4



CM 3

CRN 52858-59-0  
 CMF C9 H14 O3



GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB A polymer comprises at least one kind of monomer units selected from I-IV (R1 = H, Me; R2,3 = H, OH, etc.; R5,6 = H, OH, CO; R7-9 = H, Me; R10,11 = C1-8 hydrocarbon; R12-14 = H, OH, Me), with the proviso that when the polymer comprises monomer units of III. It must also contain at least another kind of monomer units selected from among those represented by general formula V (R15,16 = H, OH, COOH; R17 = OH, CO, COOH) or the like. This polymer is excellent not only in transparency, soly. in alkali and tight adhesion but also in etching resistance, thus being useful as the resin for **photoresists**.

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L20 ANSWER 8 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 5

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:644598 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:218729

TITLE: Lactone ring-containing polymers and resin compositions for **photoresists**

INVENTOR(S): Gokochi, Toru; Okino, Takeshi; Asakawa, Koji; Shinoda, Naomi; Funaki, Katsunori; Tsutsumi, Kiyoharu; Horai, Akira

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toshiba Corp., Japan; Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd.

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 49 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

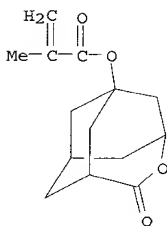
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
IT	JP 2001240625	A2	20010904	JP 2000-49549	20000225
	357340-88-6P				
	RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)				
	(prepn. of lactone ring-contg. polymers for <b>photoresists</b> )				
RN	357340-88-6	CAPLUS			
CN	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3,5-dihydroxytricyclo[3.3.1.1 <sup>3,7</sup> ]dec-1-yl ester, polymer with 5-oxo-4-oxatricyclo[4.3.1.1 <sup>3,8</sup> ]undec-1-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				
CM	1				
CRN	348596-87-2				
CMF	C14 H18 O4				

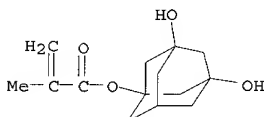




CM 2

CRN 115522-15-1

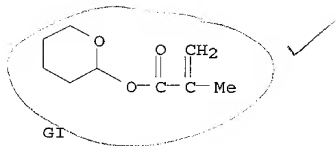
CMF C14 H20 O4



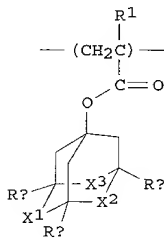
CM 3

CRN 52858-59-0

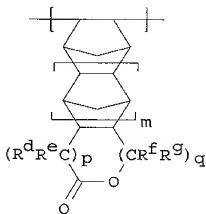
CMF C9 H14 O3



GI



I



II

AB **Photoresist** compns. contain polymers contg. monomer units I and/or II ( $R_1, R_2-R_4 = H, Me$ ;  $X_1-X_3 = CH_2, CO_2$ ; at least one of  $X_1-X_3$  is

CO<sub>2</sub>; m, p, q = 0-2) and photoacid generators. The compns. show good adhesion to substrates such as Si and can precisely form fine patterns in semiconductor manufg.

L20 ANSWER 9 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 6  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:595546 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:187707  
TITLE: Intermixing-minimized bilayers of deep-UV positive  
**photoresist** layers and thermally crosslinked  
**resist** layers  
INVENTOR(S): Yasunami, Shoichiro  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan  
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 33 pp.  
CODEN: JKXXAF  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001222112	A2	20010817	JP 2000-164833	20000601

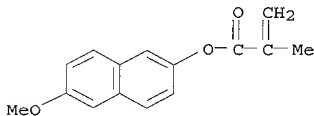
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1999-338301 A 19991129

IT **354809-17-9P**  
RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(lower **resist** layers; intermixing-minimized bilayers of deep-UV pos. **photoresist** layers and thermally crosslinked **resist** layers)

RN 354809-17-9 CAPLUS  
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with 6-methoxy-2-naphthalenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, PR 54046 and 1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-triamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 354809-16-8  
CMF C15 H14 O3



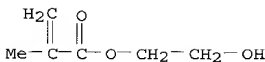
CM 2

CRN 354795-81-6  
CMF Unspecified  
CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 3

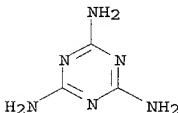
CRN 868-77-9  
CMF C6 H10 O3



CM 4

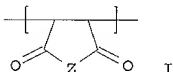
CRN 108-78-1

CMF C3 H6 N6



*melamine*

GI



AB The bilayers comprise lower **resist** layers contg. polymers with repeating units (a1) [CH<sub>2</sub>CY1(CO<sub>2</sub>L1bL2cJ)] [Y1 = H, alkyl, cyano, halo; L1, L2 = bivalent linkages; J = (un)substituted Ph, naphthyl, anthryl, phenanthryl; b, c = 0, 1] and upper **photoresist** layers contg. polymers with repeating units (b1) [CH<sub>2</sub>CH(CH<sub>2</sub>)nSiR<sub>2</sub>R<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub>] [R<sub>2</sub>-4 = (halo)alkyl, halo, alkoxy, trialkylsilyl(oxy); n = 0, 1], (b2) [CH<sub>2</sub>CY2(LCO<sub>2</sub>Q)] and/or [CH(COX<sub>2</sub>L1<sub>2</sub>A<sub>2</sub>)CH(COX<sub>1</sub>L1<sub>1</sub>A<sub>2</sub>)] [Y<sub>2</sub> = H, alkyl, cyano, halo; L = single bond, bivalent linkages; Q = acid-labile carboxylic acid precursor groups; X<sub>1</sub>, X<sub>2</sub> = O, S, NH, NHSO<sub>2</sub>; L<sub>11</sub>, L<sub>12</sub> = single bond, bivalent linkages; A<sub>2</sub> = H, cyano, OH, CO<sub>2</sub>H, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>5</sub>, CONHR<sub>6</sub> [R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>6</sub> = alkyl(oxy), CO<sub>2</sub>Q (Q = the same definition as above)]], and optional (b3) I [Z = O, NR<sub>7</sub> [R<sub>7</sub> = H, OH, alkyl, OSO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>8</sub> (R<sub>8</sub> = alkyl, trihalomethyl)]]]. The **photoresist** layers possess light- or radiation-sensitive acid generators. The bilayers show high resolu. and generate little development residues.

L20 ANSWER 10 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 7  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:423559 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:38894  
 TITLE: Photosensitive polyimide precursor compositions  
 INVENTOR(S): Ikeda, Takanobu; Yuba, Tomoyuki; Suzue, Shigeru  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toray Industries, Inc., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001159818	A2	20010612	JP 1999-343000	19991202

IT 343605-15-2P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material)

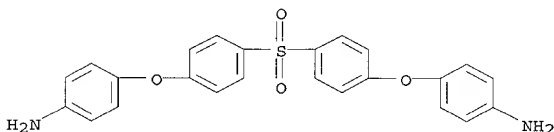
use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (photosensitive polyimide precursor compns. with high sensitivity and  
 resoln.)

RN 343605-15-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with  
 1H,3H-benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, 5,5'-carbonylbis[1,3-  
 isobenzofurandione], 4,4'-oxybis[benzenamine], 5,5'-oxybis[1,3-  
 isobenzofurandione], 4,4'-[sulfonylbis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine]  
 and 3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis[1-propanamine] (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-89-2

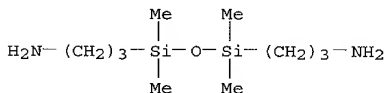
CMF C24 H20 N2 O4 S



CM 2

CRN 2469-55-8

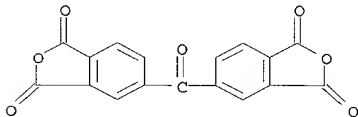
CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2



CM 3

CRN 2421-28-5

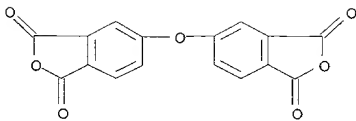
CMF C17 H6 O7



CM 4

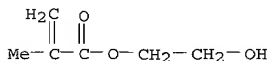
CRN 1823-59-2

CMF C16 H6 O7



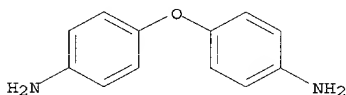
CM 5

CRN 868-77-9  
CMF C6 H10 O3



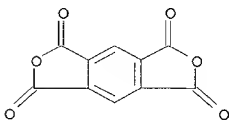
CM 6

CRN 101-80-4  
CMF C12 H12 N2 O



CM 7

CRN 89-32-7  
CMF C10 H2 O6



AB The compns. contain polymers (no.-av. mol. wt. 10,000-100,000) having structural units  $[C(:O)R1(CO2R3)nC(:O)NHR2NH]_m$  (I;  $R1 = C.gto req. 2$  3- or 4-valent org. group;  $R2 = C.gto req. 2$  divalent org. group;  $R3 = H$ , alkali ion,  $NH_4$ ,  $C1-30$  org. group;  $m = 10,000-100,000$ ;  $n = 1, 2$ ), (B) 100-200 mol% (for I)  $R4R5N(CH_2)_pNHC(:O)CR6:CH_2$  ( $R4-R6 = H$ ,  $C1-10$  alkyl;  $p = 2, 3$ ), and (C) 1-15 wt.% (for A) N-arylglycines. The compns. show high resolu. in gap exposure and high sensitivity and are developable for a short time.

L20 ANSWER 11 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 8

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:347119 CAPLUS

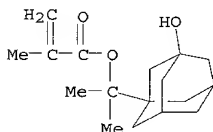
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:346475

TITLE: Adamantyl-containing polymer for photoresist and polymer composition for photoresist

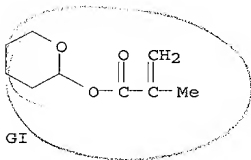
INVENTOR(S): Gokochi, Toru; Okino, Takeshi; Asakawa, Koji; Shinoda, Naomi; Funaki, Katsunori; Tsutsumi, Kiyoharu; Horai,

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Akira; Inoue, Keizo  
 SOURCE: Toshiba Corp., Japan; Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd.  
 Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 23 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

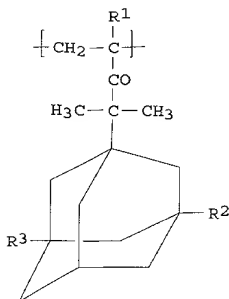
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
IT	JP 2001131232 338790-67-3P	A2	20010515	JP 1999-312329	19991102
	RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (adamantyl-contg. polymer for etching-resistant <b>photoresist</b> for semiconductor device fabrication)				
RN	338790-67-3 CAPLUS				
CN	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1-(3-hydroxytricyclo[3.3.1.1 <sup>3,7</sup> ]dec-1-yl)-1-methylethyl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				
CM	1				
CRN	324761-49-1				
CMF	C17 H26 O3				



CM 2  
 CRN 52858-59-0  
 CMF C9 H14 O3



GI



I

AB The polymer is that having .gtoreq.1 adamantyl-substituted monomer unit I (R1 = H, Me; R2, R3 = H, OH). The **photoresist** compn. contains the polymer and a photosensitive acid-generating agent. The **photoresist** compn., showing good etching resistance, is suitable for photolithog. in semiconductor device fabrication.

L20 ANSWER 12 OF 25 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:196771 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Ester compounds, polymers, resist compositions and patterning process

INVENTOR(S):

Kinsho, Takeshi, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan  
Nishi, Tsunehiro, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan  
Kurihara, Hideshi, Usui-gun, Japan  
Hasegawa, Koji, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan  
Watanabe, Takeru, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan  
Watanabe, Osamu, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan  
Nakashima, Mutsuo, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan  
Takeda, Takano, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan  
Hatakeyama, Jun, Nakakubiki-gun, Japan  
Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6312867	B1	20011106
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1999-431139		19991101 (9)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	JP 1998-312533	19981102
	JP 1999-75355	19990319
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	GRANTED	
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Ashton, Rosemary E.	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Millen, White, Zelano & Branigan, P.C.	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	17	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	4	
LINE COUNT:	2117	
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.		
IT 271779-14-7P		

(ester monomers, polymers, resist compns. and patterning process)

RN 271779-14-7 USPATFULL

CN Cyclohexanecarboxylic acid, [(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxyl]-, polymer with rel-(1R,2S,4S)-2-(1-methylethyl)bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-furanyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate

and tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX  
NAME)

CM 1

CRN 271779-08-9

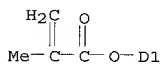
CMF C11 H16 O4

CCI IDS

CDES 8:ID



D1- CO<sub>2</sub>H

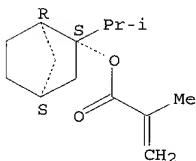


CM 2

CRN 271598-69-7

CMF C14 H22 O2

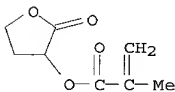
Relative stereochemistry.



CM 3

CRN 195000-66-9

CMF C8 H10 O4

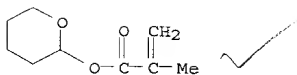


CM 4

CRN 52858-59-0

CMF C9 H14 O3





AB A novel ester compound having an exo-form 2-alkylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl group as the protective group is provided as well as a polymer comprising units of the ester compound. The polymer is used as a base resin to formulate a **resist** composition having a higher sensitivity, resolution and etching resistance than conventional **resist** compositions.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 13 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 9

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:387290 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:36088

TITLE: Novel lactone compound, its polymer, **resist** composition containing polymer, and pattern formation  
Hasegawa, Koshi; Nishi, Tsunehiro; Kaneo, Takeshi;  
Hatakeyama, Jun; Watanabe, Osamu

INVENTOR(S):  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shin-Etsu Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan  
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 42 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000159758	A2	20000613	JP 1999-255167	19990909
KR 2000023368	A	20000425	KR 1999-40854	19990922
TW 442706	B	20010623	TW 1999-88116425	19990923
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1998-270673	A 19980925

IT 274248-37-2P

RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(radiation-sensitive **resist** compn. contg. acrylic polymer having lactone structure)

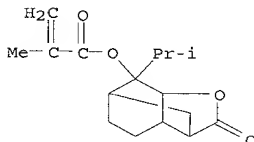
RN 274248-37-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, octahydro-7-(1-methylethyl)-2-oxo-3,6-methanobenzofuran-7-yl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 274248-01-0

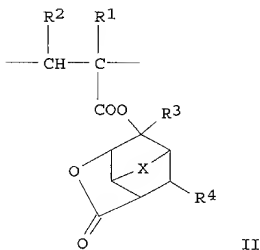
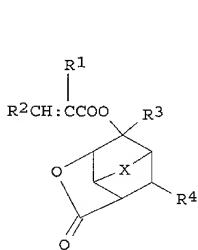
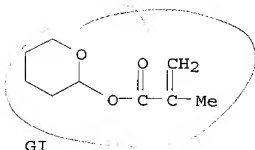
CMF C16 H22 O4



CM 2

CRN 52858-59-0

CMF C9 H14 O3



AB The lactone compd. I [R1 = H, Me, CH2CO2R5; R2 = H, Me, CO2R5; R3 = C1-8 (branched) (cyclic) alkyl; R4 = H, CO2R5; R5 = C1-15 (cyclic) (branched) alkyl; X = CH2, CH2CH2, O, S] is claimed. A polymer with wt. av. mol. wt. 1000-500,000 having II (R1-4 and X are the same as in I) as a repeating unit is also claimed. The polymer is prepd. by radical or anionic copolymerization of I with other compound(s) having C:C double bond. The **resist** comprises the polymer and an optional acid generator which generates acid by irradiation and organic solvents. The pattern is formed according to the steps; coating the **resist** compound on a substrate, irradiating the **resist** with high energy ray or an electron beam through a photomask after heat treatment, optionally post heat-treating, and developing the compound. The **resist** compound shows high sensitivity, resolution, and etching resistance, and gives fine patterns with good profile.

L20 ANSWER 14 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

DUPLICATE 10

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:367047 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:18002

TITLE: Ester monomers, polymers, **resist** compositions and patterning process

INVENTOR(S): Kinsho, Takeshi; Nishi, Tsunehiro; Kurihara, Hideshi; Hasegawa, Koji; Watanabe, Takeru; Watanabe, Osamu; Nakashima, Mutsuo; Takeda, Takanobu; Hatakeyama, Jun

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 65 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1004568	A2	20000531	EP 1999-308687	19991102
EP 1004568	A3	20010228		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 2000336121	A2	20001205	JP 1999-307148	19991028
KR 2000035130	A	20000626	KR 1999-47904	19991101
US 6312867	B1	20011106	US 1999-431139	19991101
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1998-312533	A 19981102
			JP 1999-75355	A 19990319

IT 271779-14-7P  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (ester monomers, polymers, **resist** compns. and patterning process)

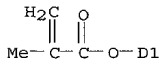
RN 271779-14-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Cyclohexanecarboxylic acid, [(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxyl]-, polymer with re1-(1R,2S,4S)-2-(1-methylethyl)bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-furanyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 271779-08-9  
 CMF C11 H16 O4  
 CCI IDS



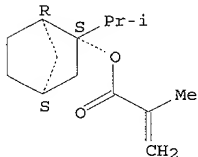
D1-CO<sub>2</sub>H



CM 2

CRN 271598-69-7  
 CMF C14 H22 O2

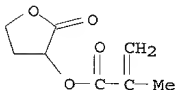
Relative stereochemistry.



CM 3

CRN 195000-66-9

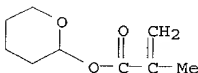
CMF C8 H10 O4



CM 4

CRN 52858-59-0

CMF C9 H14 O3



AB An ester compd. having an exo-form 2-alkylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl group as the protective group is provided as well as a polymer comprising units of the ester compd. The polymer is used as a base resin to formulate a **resist** compn. having a higher sensitivity, resoln. and etching resistance than conventional **resist** compns. A polymer was prepd. from 8-ethyltricyclo[5.2.1.0<sup>2,6</sup>]decan-8-yl methacrylate and 5-methyl-2-oxooxolan-5-yl methacrylate.

L20 ANSWER 15 OF 25 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:37547 USPATFULL

TITLE: Radiation sensitive compositions of terpolymers containing organosilicon side chains

INVENTOR(S): Schaedeli, Ulrich, Plasselb, Switzerland  
Tinguely, Eric, Fribourg, Switzerland  
Hofmann, Manfred, Marly, Switzerland  
Falcigno, Pasquale Alfred, Basel, Switzerland  
Mertesdorf, Carl-Lorenz, Bad Krozingen, Germany,  
Federal Republic of

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Olin Microelectronic Chemicals, Inc., Norwalk, CT,  
United States (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6042989		20000328
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1998-178827		19981026 (9)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Division of Ser. No. US 1996-682171, filed on 16 Jul 1996, now patented, Pat. No. US 5886119		

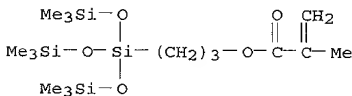
	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	CH 1995-2292	19950808
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	Granted	
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Lipman, Bernard	
ASSISTANT EXAMINER:	Egwim, Kelechi	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Ohlantdt, Greeley, Ruggiero & Perle	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	9	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	

LINE COUNT: 631  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
IT 151372-04-2P

(prepn. and use in pos. photoresists for relief structure prodn.)  
RN 151372-04-2 USPATFULL  
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 1,1-dimethylethyl  
2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-  
bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

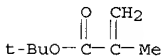
CM 1

CRN 17096-07-0  
CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4



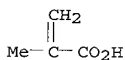
CM 2

CRN 585-07-9  
CMF C8 H14 O2



CM 3

CRN 79-41-4  
CMF C4 H6 O2



AB A radiation sensitive composition comprising (a) a terpolymer containing 20 to 70 mole percent of an acid-labile repeating unit, 3 to 40 mole percent of an acrylic or acrylonitrile based repeating unit and a repeating unit containing silicon side-chains and (b) a photo-acid generator. The silicon content of terpolymer is 7 to 20 weight percent. The composition is used primarily in the formulation of multilayer positive operating **photoresists**.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 16 OF 25 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:21648 USPATFULL

TITLE: Terpolymers containing organosilicon side chains  
INVENTOR(S): Schaedeli, Ulrich, Plasselb, Switzerland  
Tinguely, Eric, Fribourg, Switzerland  
Hofmann, Manfred, Marly, Switzerland  
Falcigno, Pasquale Alfred, Basel, Switzerland

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Mertesdorf, Carl-Lorenz, Bad Krozingen, Switzerland  
Olin Microelectronic Chemicals, Inc., Norwalk, CT,  
United States (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6028154		20000222
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1998-178828		19981026 (9)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-682171, filed on 16 Jul 1996, now patented, Pat. No. US 5886119		

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	CH 1995-952292	19950808
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	Granted	
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Lipman, Bernard	
ASSISTANT EXAMINER:	Egwim, K. C.	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Ohlandt, Greeley, Ruggiero & Perle	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	8	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
LINE COUNT:	625	
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.		

IT 151372-04-2P

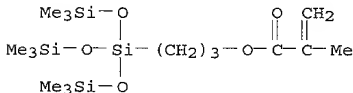
(prepn. and use in pos. photoresists for relief structure prodn.)

RN 151372-04-2 USPATFULL  
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 1,1-dimethylethyl  
2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 17096-07-0

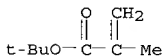
CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4



CM 2

CRN 585-07-9

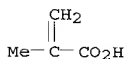
CMF C8 H14 O2



CM 3

CRN 79-41-4

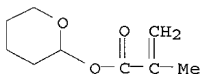
CMF C4 H6 O2



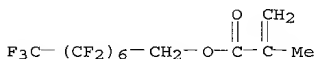
AB A terpolymer containing 20 to 70 mole percent of an acid labile repeating unit, 3 to 40 mole percent of an acrylonitrile based repeating unit and a repeating unit containing silicon side chains. The silicon side chain repeating unit is provided in sufficient amounts so that the terpolymer silicon content is 7 to 20 weight percent. The terpolymer is used primarily in the formulation of multilayer positive operating photoresists.

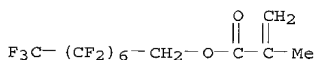
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 17 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 11  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:800004 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:144329  
 TITLE: Supercritical CO2 Processing for Submicron Imaging of Fluoropolymers  
 AUTHOR(S): Sundararajan, Narayan; Yang, Shu; Ogino, Kenji; Valiyaveettil, Suresh; Wang, Jianguo; Zhou, Xinyi; Ober, Christopher K.; Obendorf, Sharon K.; Allen, Robert D.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY, 14853, USA  
 SOURCE: Chemistry of Materials (2000), 12(1), 41-48  
 CODEN: CMATEX; ISSN: 0897-4756  
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 IT 212389-71-4P  
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)  
 (supercrit. CO2 processing for submicron imaging of fluoropolymers)  
 RN 212389-71-4 CAPLUS  
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-pentadecafluorooctyl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, block (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 CM 1  
 CRN 52858-59-0  
 CMF C9 H14 O3



CM 2  
 CRN 3934-23-4  
 CMF C12 H7 F15 O2





AB To keep pace with the ever-shrinking feature sizes required in the microelectronics industry, suitable developers with high diffusivities, selectivity, and adjustable solvating power are required. Supercrit. fluid (SCF) CO<sub>2</sub> possesses many of the above unique properties and could serve as an environmentally responsible alternative developer to aq. base. The high soly. of fluorinated block copolymers in supercrit. CO<sub>2</sub> and the selectivity of supercrit. CO<sub>2</sub> to both polarity changes and the mol. structure of the polymer were used to develop an environmentally friendly lithog. process. Polymers with acid-cleaving tetrahydropyranyl groups and supercrit. CO<sub>2</sub> sol., fluoro-side-chain-contg. methacrylate groups were synthesized with varying vol. fractions of the components, and their solubilities in supercrit. CO<sub>2</sub> were characterized. Chem. amplification was used to effect the polarity change leading to the soly. difference in supercrit. CO<sub>2</sub>, and the lithog. performance was evaluated. Important parameters such as sensitivity, contrast, and resolu. were studied, and 0.2 .mu.m features using supercrit. CO<sub>2</sub> development were demonstrated.

REFERENCE COUNT: 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L20 ANSWER 18 OF 25 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:37231 USPATFULL

TITLE: Terpolymers containing organosilicon side chains

INVENTOR(S): Schaedeli, Ulrich, Plasselb, Switzerland

Tinguely, Eric, Fribourg, Switzerland

Hofmann, Manfred, Marly, Switzerland

Falcigno, Pasquale Alfred, Basel, Switzerland

Mertesdorf, Carl-Lorenz, Bad Krozingen, Germany,

Federal Republic of

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Olin Microelectronic Chemicals, Inc., Norwalk, CT, United States (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 5886119		19990323
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1996-682171		19960716 (8)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	CH 1995-2292	19950808
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	Granted	
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Henderson, Christopher	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Ohlandt, Greeley, Ruggiero & Perle	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	9	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
LINE COUNT:	628	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 151372-04-2P

(prepn. and use in pos. photoresists for relief structure prodn.)

RN 151372-04-2 USPATFULL

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 1,1-dimethylethyl

2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-

bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI)

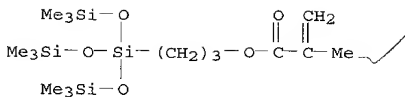
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 17096-07-0

CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4

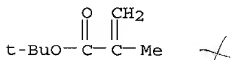




CM 2

CRN 585-07-9

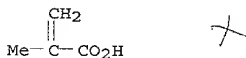
CMF C8 H14 O2



CM 3

CRN 79-41-4

CMF C4 H6 O2



AB A terpolymer containing 20 to 70 mole percent of an acid labile repeating unit, 3 to 40 mole percent of an acrylic acid or acrylonitrile based repeating unit and a repeating unit containing silicon side chains. The silicon side chain repeating unit is provided in sufficient amounts so that the terpolymer silicon content is 7 to 20 weight percent. The terpolymer is used primarily in the formulation of multilayer positive operating **photoresists**.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 19 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

DUPLICATE 12

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:486007 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:182001

TITLE: **Resists** using the absorption band shift method for ArF excimer laser lithography  
Okino, Takeshi; Asakawa, Koji; Shida, Naomi; Ushirogouchi, Tohru

CORPORATE SOURCE: Materials Devices Res. Labs., Res. Development Cent., Toshiba Corp., Kawasaki, 210-8582, Japan

SOURCE: Journal of Photopolymer Science and Technology (1998), 11(3), 489-492

CODEN: JSTEEW; ISSN: 0914-9244

PUBLISHER: Technical Association of Photopolymers, Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

IT 211374-08-2, 2-Vinylnaphthalene-menthyl acrylate-tetrahydropyranyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid copolymer

RL: DEV (Device component use); NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (**resists** using absorption band shift method for ArF excimer laser lithog.)

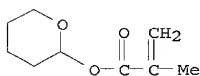
RN 211374-08-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 2-ethenylnaphthalene,  
(1R,2S,5R)-5-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl 2-propenoate and  
tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 52858-59-0

CMF C9 H14 O3

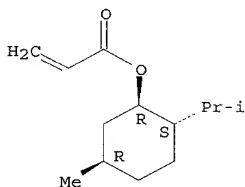


CM 2

CRN 4835-96-5

CMF C13 H22 O2

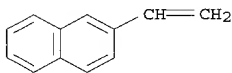
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



CM 3

CRN 827-54-3

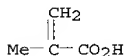
CMF C12 H10



CM 4

CRN 79-41-4

CMF C4 H6 O2

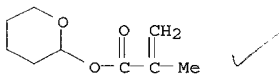


AB A thin film **resist** contg. naphthalene is suitable for ArF  
excimer laser lithog. Thin films are advantageous in terms of  
transparency. Naphthalene structure has good dry etch resistance, and,

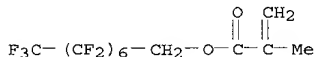
moreover, di-tert-butyl-2-(1-adamantylcarbonylmethyl)malonate (ADTB) improves it. The VN25/ADTB-30 **resist** was exposed to ArF excimer laser and 0.13 .mu.m lines/spaces pattern was successfully fabricated at an exposure dose of 20.8 mJ/cm2.

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L20 ANSWER 20 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 13  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:546254 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:223147  
 TITLE: Block copolymers as supercritical CO2 developable **photoresists**  
 AUTHOR(S): Sundararajan, Narayan; Valiyaveetil, Suresh; Ogino, Kenji; Zhou, Xinyi; Wang, Jianguo; Yang, Shu; Ober, Christopher K.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Mater. Sci. Eng., Cornell Univ., Ithaca, NY, 14853, USA  
 SOURCE: Polymeric Materials Science and Engineering (1998), 79, 130-131  
 CODEN: PMSEGD; ISSN: 0743-0515  
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 IT 212389-71-4  
 RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
 (block copolymers as supercrit. CO2 developable **photoresists**)  
 RN 212389-71-4 CAPLUS  
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-pentadecafluorooctyl ester, polymer with tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, block (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 CM 1  
 CRN 52858-59-0  
 CMF C9 H14 O3



CM 2  
 CRN 3934-23-4  
 CMF C12 H7 F15 O2



AB The objective of this study was to utilize the concept of block copolymers and their unique properties to provide an environmentally friendly process for the fabrication of sub-0.3 .mu.m features using supercrit. carbon dioxide development. Block copolymers such as tetrahydropyranyl methacrylate-heptafluoropropylmethyl methacrylate (THPMA-F3MA) and tetrahydropyranyl methacrylate-pentadecafluoroheptylmethyl methacrylate (THPMA-F7MA) with different vol. and molar ratio were synthesized by group transfer polymn. THPMA was introduced first, initiated by

1-methoxyl-1-trimethylsiloxy-2-methyl-1-propene (MTMS) with tetrabutylammonium biacetate (TBAB) as a catalyst in THF. F3MA or F7MA was then added as second block and then, polyadd. The optimum conditions for dissoln. of the virgin polymer before exposure were detd. by evaluating the dissoln. characteristics of the polymer at different pressure, temp., flow rate of CO2 and time of development. After exposure, the proton generated from the photoacid generator cleaves the acid-labile group in the THPMA component block copolymer and converts it into methacrylic acid. This gives rise to a polarity change which then makes the polymer insol. in supercrit. CO2 after exposure. A plot of film thickness after development vs. exposure dose gives an understanding of the sensitivity of the photoresist.

L20 ANSWER 21 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 14  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:230991 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:218581  
 TITLE: Terpolymer containing organosilicon side chain for production of relief structure  
 INVENTOR(S): Schaedeli, Ulrich; Tinguely, Eric; Hofmann, Manfred; Falcigno, Pasquale Alfred; Mertesdorf, Carl-Lorenz  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Olin Microelectronic Chemicals, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

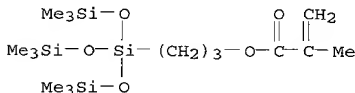
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 758102	A1	19970212	EP 1996-305465	19960725
EP 758102	B1	19991208		
R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL				
US 5886119	A	19990323	US 1996-682171	19960716
JP 09110938	A2	19970428	JP 1996-208028	19960807
US 6028154	A	20000222	US 1998-178828	19981026
US 6042989	A	20000328	US 1998-178827	19981026
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CH 1995-2292	19950808
			US 1996-682171	19960716

IT 151372-04-2P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. and use in pos. photoresists for relief structure prodn.)  
 RN 151372-04-2 CAPLUS  
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 1,1-dimethylethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 17096-07-0

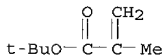
CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4



CM 2

CRN 585-07-9

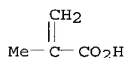
CMF C8 H14 O2



CM 3

CRN 79-41-4

CMF C4 H6 O2



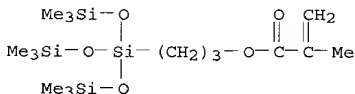
AB A terpolymer contg. 20-70 mol% of repeating structural units of formula  $-\text{[CH}_2\text{CR}_1(\text{AR}_2)]-$  and 3-40 mol% of repeating structural units of formula  $-(\text{CH}_2\text{CR}_1\text{R}_3)-$  as well as  $-(\text{CH}_2\text{CR}_1\text{R}_4)-$  whereby A indicates a direct single bond or CO, R1 indicates a hydrogen atom or a Me group, R2 indicates a 2-furanyloxy or 2-pyranyloxy group or a group of the formula  $\text{OCR}_5\text{R}_6\text{R}_7$  or  $\text{OC}(\text{R}_5)(\text{R}_6)\text{OR}_6$ , R3 indicates a COOH or CN group, R4 indicates a group selected from the groups of formulas  $(\text{CH}_2)\text{pSi}(\text{Z})\text{m}(\text{Y})\text{n}$ ,  $\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)\text{pSi}(\text{Z})\text{m}(\text{Y})\text{n}$ , and  $\text{CO}_2(\text{CH}_2)\text{pSi}(\text{Z})\text{m}(\text{Y})\text{n}$ , R5-7 indicate a C1-6 alkyl group or a Ph group, Y indicates a hydrogen or chlorine atom or a Me group, Z indicates a group of the formula  $\text{OSi}(\text{CH}_3)_3$ , m indicates 1, 2, or 3, n indicates 3-m, and p indicates 0, 1, 2, or 3 and whereby as many structural units of formula  $-(\text{CH}_2\text{CR}_1\text{R}_4)-$  are contained in the terpolymer that its silicon content amts. to 7-20 wt.% and whose use for the prodn. of pos. **photoresists**, particularly for the multilayer technique, is described.

L20 ANSWER 22 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 15  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:444772 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:234230  
TITLE: Evaluation of materials for 193-nm lithography  
AUTHOR(S): Schaedeli, Ulrich; Tinguely, Eric; Cherubini, Katiuscia; Maire, Beatrice; Blakeney, Andrew J.; Falcigno, Pasquale; Kunz, Roderick R.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Marly Res. Center, Ciba-Geigy Ltd, East Providence, RI, 02914, USA  
SOURCE: Journal of Photopolymer Science and Technology (1996), 9(3), 435-446  
CODEN: JSTEEW; ISSN: 0914-9244  
PUBLISHER: Technical Association of Photopolymers, Japan  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
IT 151372-04-2  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (pos. tone bilayer **resist** system with silicon contg. methacrylate polymers for 193-nm lithog.)  
RN 151372-04-2 CAPLUS  
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 1,1-dimethylethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 17096-07-0

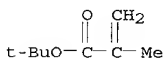
CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4



CM 2

CRN 585-07-9

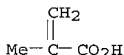
CMF C8 H14 O2



CM 3

CRN 79-41-4

CMF C4 H6 O2



AB The explosive growth in performance of microelectronic devices has been made possible by steady advances in microlithog. and **photoresist** technologies. Tremendous efforts to extend optical lithog. beyond the 0.25 .mu.m boundary, as currently obtainable with KrF-excimer lithog., are ongoing. Although some similarities exist between the imaging chemistries involved in the 248 nm and 193 nm lithogs., different materials are needed due to the distinct difference in optical absorbance requirements. **Resist** systems which can be developed with aq. base would be preferred. However, it might well turn out that the targeted requirements can only be fulfilled by **resist** systems which involve some type of dry etch steps. This paper will focus on a pos. tone **resist** system, which is based on novel silicon contg. methacrylate polymers. Due to a unique combination of monomeric building blocks, polymers with high silicon concns. and, at the same time, high thermal stability are obtained.

L20 ANSWER 23 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 16  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:180359 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:285197  
TITLE: Bilayer **resist** approach for 193-nm lithography  
AUTHOR(S): Schaedeli, Ulrich; Tinguely, Eric; Blakeney, Andrew J.; Falcigno, Pasquale; Kunz, Roderick R.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Ciba-Geigy Ltd, Marly Research Center, Marly, 1723, Switz.  
SOURCE: Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering (1996), 2724 (Advances in Resist

PUBLISHER: SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

IT 151372-04-2

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(silicon-contg. methacrylate **photoresists**)

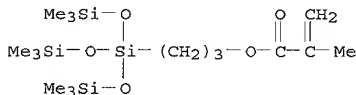
RN 151372-04-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 1,1-dimethylethyl  
2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-  
bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 17096-07-0

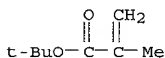
CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4



CM 2

CRN 585-07-9

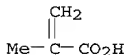
CMF C8 H14 O2



CM 3

CRN 79-41-4

CMF C4 H6 O2



AB Tremendous efforts to extend optical lithog. beyond the quarter micrometer boundary, which is currently achievable with KrF-excimer laser lithog., are ongoing. 193 Nm lithog., using ArF-excimer lasers, is believed to be the technol. of choice to approach the ambitious sub-0.2 .mu.m resolu. target. Single layer, pos. tone **resist** systems, which can be developed with aq. base, would be preferred. However, it might well turn out that the targeted requirements can only be fulfilled by **resist** systems which involve some type of dry etch steps. This paper will focus on a pos. tone bilayer **resist** system, which is based on novel silicon contg. methacrylate polymers bearing acid labile side groups. Due to a unique combination of monomeric building blocks, polymers with high silicon concns. and, at the same time, high thermal flow stability are obtained. Hardbaked novolac is used as the planarizing layer.

**Resists** systems based on the new silicon contg. polymers demonstrated 0.175 .mu.m resoln. capability, a thermal flow stability >120.degree.C, and an etch selectivity ratio >20.

L20 ANSWER 24 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 17

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:137662 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:189529  
TITLE: Positive working photoresist  
INVENTOR(S): Tang, Qian; Roth, Martin  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.  
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 18 pp.  
CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 689098	A1	19951227	EP 1995-810395	19950613
EP 689098	B1	20000816		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL				
AT 195590	E	20000915	AT 1995-810395	19950613
CA 2152236	AA	19951223	CA 1995-2152236	19950620
CN 1121190	A	19960424	CN 1995-107005	19950621
CN 1075638	B	20011128		
JP 08050356	A2	19960220	JP 1995-179554	19950622
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CH 1994-1992	A 19940622
			CH 1995-138	A 19950118

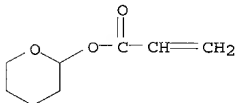
IT 174081-26-6  
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)  
(acid-labile alpha-alkoxyalkyl ester polymer)

RN 174081-26-6 CAPLUS  
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-(dimethylamino)ethyl ester, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 52858-57-8

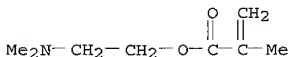
CMF C8 H12 O3



CM 2

CRN 2867-47-2

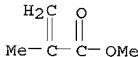
CMF C8 H15 N O2





CM 3

CRN 80-62-6  
CMF C5 H8 O2



AB An aq. alkali-sol. pos. **photoresist** compn. comprises: (a) .gtoreq.1 homo- or copolymer contg. an acid labile .alpha.-alkoxyalkyl ester group; (b) .gtoreq.1 carboxylic acid group-contg. copolymer where the content of carboxylic acid group is 0.4-5.5 mol/kg; (c) .gtoreq.1 photoacid generator; and (d) an org. solvent. The components of the compn. has high storage stability and the compn. has high photosensitivity and the material can be used for producing etching resistance images.

L20 ANSWER 25 OF 25 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 94:106845 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Silicone-containing acrylic star polymers, block copolymers and macromonomers  
INVENTOR(S): Spinelli, Harry J., Wilmington, DE, United States  
Anton, Waifong L., Claymont, DE, United States  
Coleman, Henry D., Brooklyn, NY, United States  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Permeable Technologies, Inc., Morganville, NJ, United States (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 5371147		19941206
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1993-107025		19930816 (8)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation of Ser. No. US 1991-773715, filed on 9 Oct 1991, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-595919, filed on 11 Oct 1990, now abandoned		
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility		
FILE SEGMENT:	Granted		
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Dean, Ralph H.		
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Coleman, Henry D., Sudol, R. Neil		
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	31		
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1		
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	3 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)		
LINE COUNT:	2456		

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 143736-95-2P

(prepn. of, for contact lenses)

RN 143736-95-2 USPATFULL

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with 1-ethenyl-2-pyrrolidinone, 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 17096-07-0  
CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4



CRN 868-77-9  
CMF C6 H10 O3



CRN 97-90-5  
CMF C10 H14 O4



CRN 88-12-0  
CMF C6 H9 N O



CRN 80-62-6  
CMF C5 H8 O2



The present invention relates to novel preformed silicone-containing acrylic copolymers including silicone-containing acrylic star polymers, graft copolymers and macromonomers. Described are linear diblock macromonomers, graft copolymers and star polymers comprising a substantially hydrophilic block or block and a substantially hydrophobic, permeable block or block, said hydrophilic block preferably comprising at least about 25% by weight of a hydrophilic acrylic-type

monomer and said hydrophobic, permeable block comprising at least about 50% by weight of at least one or more polysiloxanylalkylesters of an alpha, beta unsaturated acid.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L28 ANSWER 1 OF 5 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:113071 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Synthesis of epothilones, intermediates thereto and analogues thereof  
INVENTOR(S): Danishefsky, Samuel J., Englewood, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Stachel, Shawn J., Perkasie, PA, UNITED STATES  
Lee, Chul Bom, Princeton, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Chappell, Mark D., Noblesville, IN, UNITED STATES  
Wu, Zhicai, New York, NY, UNITED STATES

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002058817	A1	20020516
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-796959	A1	20010301 (9)

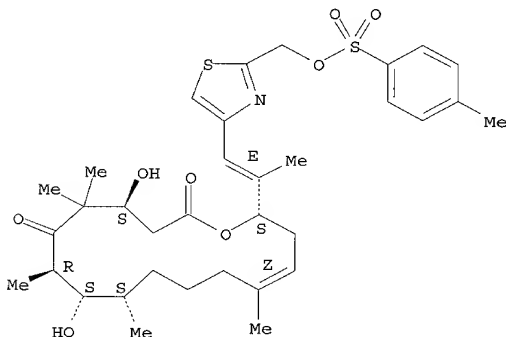
	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2000-185968P	20000301 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Choate, Hall & Stewart, Exchange Place, 53 State Street, Boston, MA, 02109	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	5	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	47 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	5609	
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.		
IT 359014-45-2P		

(synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in treatment of cancers with multidrug resistant phenotype)

RN 359014-45-2 USPATFULL

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-  
[[1(E)-1-methyl-2-[2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]oxy]methyl]-4-  
thiazolyl]ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.



AB The present invention provides convergent processes for preparing epothilones, desoxyepothilones, and analogues thereof. The present invention further provides novel compositions and methods for the treatment of cancer and additionally provides methods for the treatment of cancer which has developed a multi-drug phenotype.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L28 ANSWER 2 OF 5 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:112551 USPATFULL

TITLE: Synthesis of epothilones, intermediates thereto and analogues thereof

INVENTOR(S): Danishefsky, Samuel J., Englewood, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Stachel, Shawn J., Perkasi, PA, UNITED STATES  
Lee, Chul Bom, Princeton, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Chappell, Mark D., Noblesville, IN, UNITED STATES  
Chou, Ting-Chao, Paramus, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Wu, Zhicai, New York, NY, UNITED STATES

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002058286	A1	20020516
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-797027	A1	20010301 (9)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-257072, filed on 24 Feb 1999, UNKNOWN		
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility		
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION		
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Choate, Hall & Stewart, Exchange Place, 53 State Street, Boston, MA, 02109		
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	61		
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1		
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	47 Drawing Page(s)		
LINE COUNT:	6056		

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

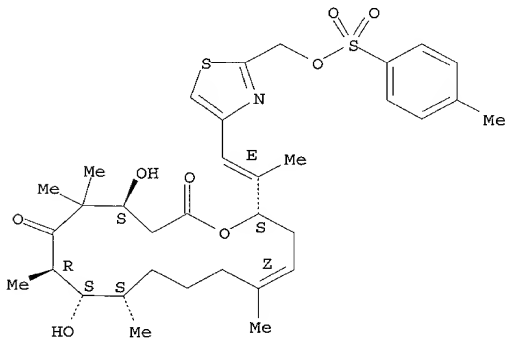
IT 359014-45-2P

(prepn. of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in treatment of cancers with multidrug resistant phenotype)

RN 359014-45-2 USPATFULL

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[[[(1E)-1-methyl-2-[2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]oxy]methyl]-4-thiazolyl]ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.



AB The present invention provides convergent processes for preparing epothilones, desoxyepothilones, and analogues thereof. The present invention further provides novel compositions and methods for the treatment of cancer and additionally provides methods for the treatment

of cancer which has developed a multi-drug phenotype.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L28 ANSWER 3 OF 5 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:61550 USPATFULL

TITLE: Etylene derivatives and pesticides containing said derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Ogura, Tomoyuki, Funabashi, Japan  
Murakami, Hiroshi, Funabashi, Japan  
Numata, Akira, Funabashi, Japan  
Miyachi, Rika, Funabashi, Japan  
Miyake, Toshiro, Minamisaitama, Japan  
Mimori, Norihiko, Minamisaitama, Japan  
Takii, Shinji, Minamisaitama, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nissan Chemical Industries, Ltd., Tokyo, Japan  
(non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6063734		20000516
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1998-177501		19981023 (9)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1997-JP1449, filed on 24 Apr 1997		

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	JP 1996-104878	19960425
	JP 1996-145802	19960607
	JP 1996-159346	19960620
	JP 1997-28916	19970213

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: Granted  
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Gerstl, R.  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Oliff & Berridge, PLC  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 36  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
LINE COUNT: 9378

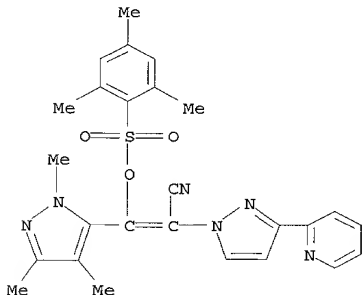
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 262449-11-6P 268744-08-7P

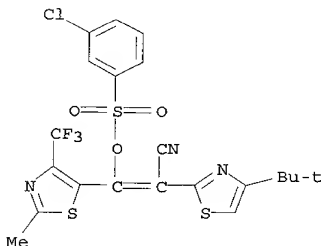
(prepn. as pesticide)

RN 262449-11-6 USPATFULL

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 2,4,6-trimethyl-, 2-cyano-2-[3-(2-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-1-(1,3,4-trimethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)ethenyl ester (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 268744-08-7 USPTAFULL  
 CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 3-chloro-, 2-cyano-2-[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2-thiazolyl]-1-[2-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-5-thiazolyl]ethenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB Ethylene derivatives of formula (I): ##STR1## where Q is an unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or heterocyclic group, especially a 4-thiazolyl, 1- or 3-pyrazolyl, 1,3-oxazol-4-yl, phenyl or pyridyl group; E is a substituent such as a cyano group; A is a substituent such as a 4-pyrazolyl or thiazolyl group; and B is a substituent such as an alkylcarbonyl group. Agricultural chemicals and agents for preventing the attachment of aquatic organisms containing one or more such ethylene derivatives.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L28 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:869525 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:49232

TITLE: Image-forming medium containing acid generator and dye forming compound and image forming method

INVENTOR(S): Okawa, Atsuhiko; Sakurai, Seiya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 41 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000343828	A2	20001212	JP 2000-67319	20000310
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1999-93088	A 19990331
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 134:49232		

IT 312729-59-2

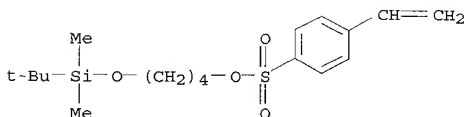
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)  
 (thermal printing material contg. acid generator  
 and dye-forming compd.)

RN 312729-59-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4-[(octyloxy)methoxy]phenyl]ethyl ester, polymer with 4-[[[1,1-dimethylethyl]dimethylsilyl]oxy]butyl 4-ethenylbenzenesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

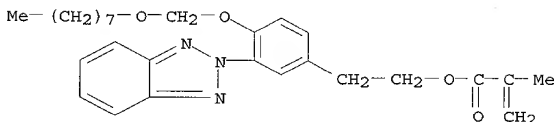
CM 1

CRN 312729-57-0  
CMF C18 H30 O4 S Si



CM 2

CRN 268747-64-4  
CMF C27 H35 N3 O4



AB The title process uses an image-forming medium contg. a compd. which releases a strong **acid** by heating and another compd. which reacts with **acids** to form a dye, in which images are formed by using a **thermal** printing head. An image-forming medium used in the process is also claimed. The medium shows high **thermal** sensitivity, processability under roomlight, and anti-sticking properties and provides high d. images.

L28 ANSWER 5 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:869525 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:49232

TITLE: Image-forming medium containing **acid** generator and dye forming compound and image forming method

INVENTOR(S): Okawa, Atsuhiko; Sakurai, Seiya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 41 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000343828	A2	20001212	JP 2000-67319	20000310
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1999-93088	A 19990331
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 134:49232		

IT 312729-59-2

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)  
(**thermal** printing material contg. **acid** generator  
and dye-forming compd.)

RN 312729-59-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4-  
[(octyloxy)methoxy]phenyl]ethyl ester, polymer with 4-[[[1,1-  
dimethylethyl]dimethylsilyl]oxy]butyl 4-ethenylbenzenesulfonate (9CI) (CA

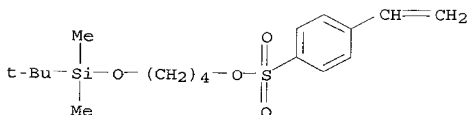


INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 312729-57-0

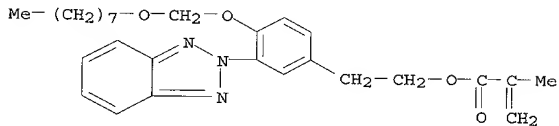
CMF C18 H30 O4 S Si



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